## $\infty$ 3COM

# SuperStack ${ }^{\circledR} 3$ <br> Switch 4400 Series <br> Getting Started Guide 

Switch 4400 (3C17203)<br>Switch 4400 (3C17204)<br>Switch 4400 PWR (3C17205)<br>Switch 4400 SE (3C17206)<br>Switch 4400 FX (3C17210)

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## About This Guide

This guide provides all the information you need to install and use the following switches in their default state:

- SuperStack ${ }^{\circledR} 3$ Switch 4400 (3C17203)
- SuperStack ${ }^{\circledR} 3$ Switch 4400 (3C17204)
- SuperStack ${ }^{\circledR} 3$ Switch 4400 PWN (3C17205)
- SuperStack ${ }^{\circledR} 3$ Switch 4400 SE (3C17206)
- SuperStack ${ }^{\circledR} 3$ Switch 4400 FX (3C17210)

All procedures described in this guide apply to all models except where stated.

The guide is intended for use by network administrators who are responsible for installing and setting up network equipment; consequently, it assumes a basic working knowledge of LAN (Local Area Networks).

## Before You Start This section contains information about the documents and CD-ROM

 that accompany your Switch 4400.Release Notes The Release Notes provide important information about the current software release, including new features, modifications, and known problems. You should read the Release Notes before installing the Switch in your network.

If the information in the Release Notes differ from the information in this guide, follow the instructions in the Release Notes.

## About Your CD-ROM The CD-ROM contains the following:

- Online documentation for the Switch 4400 - refer to Related Documentation on page 9 for details.
- 3Com Network Supervisor - a powerful and easy-to-use network management platform.
- A number of other useful applications.

Most user guides and release notes are available in Adobe Acrobat Reader Portable Document Format (PDF) or HTML on the 3Com World Wide Web site:
http://www.3com.com/

## Conventions

Table 1 and Table 2 list conventions that are used throughout this guide.
Table 1 Notice Icons

| Icon | Notice Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| i | Information note | Information that describes important features or <br> instructions |
|  | Caution | Information that alerts you to potential loss of data or <br> potential damage to an application, system, or device |
|  | Warning | Information that alerts you to potential personal injury |

Table 2 Text Conventions

| Convention | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Screen displays | This typeface represents information as it appears on the <br> screen. |
| Syntax | The word "syntax" means that you must evaluate the syntax <br> provided and then supply the appropriate values for the <br> placeholders that appear in angle brackets. Example: |
|  | To change your password, use the following syntax: |
|  | system password <password> |
| In this example, you must supply a password for <password>. |  |

Table 2 Text Conventions (continued)

| Convention | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| The words "enter" and "type" | When you see the word "enter" in this guide, you must type something, and then press Return or Enter. Do not press Return or Enter when an instruction simply says "type." |
| Keyboard key names | If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+). Example: <br> Press Ctrl+Alt+Del |
| Words in italics | Italics are used to: <br> - Emphasize a point. <br> - Denote a new term at the place where it is defined in the text. <br> - Identify menu names, menu commands, and software button names. Examples: <br> From the Help menu, select Contents. <br> Click OK. |

## Related Documentation

In addition to this guide, each Switch documentation set includes the following:

- SuperStack 3 Switch Implementation Guide

This guide contains information on the features supported by your Switch and how they can be used to optimize your network. It is supplied in PDF format on the CD-ROM that accompanies the Switch.

- SuperStack 3 Switch Management Quick Reference Guide

This guide contains:

- a list of the features supported by the Switch.
- a summary of the web interface and command line interface commands for the Switch.
- SuperStack 3 Switch Management Interface Reference Guide

This guide provides detailed information about the web interface and command line interface that enable you to manage the Switch. It is supplied in HTML format on the CD-ROM that accompanies the Switch.

- Release Notes

These notes provide information about the current software release, including new features, modifications, and known problems. The Release Notes are supplied in hard copy with your Switch.

There are other publications you may find useful, such as:

- Documentation accompanying the Advanced Redundant Power system.
- Documentation accompanying the Expansion Modules.
- Documentation accompanying 3Com Network Supervisor. This is supplied on the CD-ROM that accompanies the Switch.

Accessing Online Documentation

To access the documentation on the CD-ROM supplied with your Switch, do the following:

1 Insert the CD-ROM into your CD-ROM drive. If your PC has auto-run enabled, a splash screen will be displayed automatically.
2 Select the Documentation section from the contents page.
If the online documentation is to be accessed from a local drive or server, you will need to access the CD-ROM contents via the root directory and copy the files from the CD-ROM to a suitable directory.

- The HTML Reference Guide is stored in the Docs /reference directory on the CD-ROM. The documentation is accessed using the contents.htm file.
- The PDF Implementation Guide is stored in the Docs / implementation directory of the CD-ROM.

3Com recommends that you copy the Docs/reference directory as a whole to maintain the structure of the files.

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Please include the following information when commenting:

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- Page number (if appropriate)

Example:
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SuperStack 3 Switch 4400 Series Getting Started Guide
Page 21
Please note that we can only respond to comments and questions about 3Com product documentation at this e-mail address. Questions related to technical support or sales should be directed in the first instance to your network supplier.

## Product <br> Registration

You can now register your SuperStack 3 Switch on the 3Com web site to receive up-to-date information on your product:
http://www.3com.com/register

# Introducing the <br> SuperStack 3 Switch 4400 

This chapter contains introductory information about the Switch 4400 and how it can be used in your network. It covers summaries of hardware and software features and also the following topics:

- About the Switch 4400
- Switch 4400 - Front View Detail
- Switch 4400 — Rear View Detail
- Default Settings


## About the Switch 4400

The Switch 4400 is a stackable 10/100 Mbps Ethernet switch and provides high-performance workgroups with a backbone to server connection. The Switch 4400 allows Cascade, Gigabit Ethernet or Fast Ethernet Fiber connections when expansion modules are installed in the expansion slots on the rear of the unit. You can also add the Switch 4400 to any SuperStack ${ }^{\circledR}$ system as your network grows.

The Switch 4400 PWR (3C17205) supports Power over Ethernet on all front panel ports. If you plug in a compatible (IEEE 802.3af compliant) device, it will be automatically detected and power supplied to it. Power over Ethernet is enabled on each port by default.

The Switch 4400 FX (3C17210) has 24 100BASE-FX MT-RJ ports. These allow easy connection of 100 Mbps fiber-optic links.

## Summary of Table 3 summarizes the hardware features that are supported by the Hardware Features Switch 4400.

Table 3 Hardware features

| Feature | Switch 4400 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Addresses | - Up to 8000 supported |
|  | - Up to 64 permanent entries |
| Auto-negotiation | Supported on all ports |
|  | Store and Forward |
| Forwarding Modes | Half and full duplex on all front panel ports |
| Duplex Modes | In full duplex operation all ports are supported |
| Flow Control | Supported on all ports |
| Smart Auto-sensing | Supported (using the IEEE Std 802.ID, 1998 Edition): <br> Traffic Prioritization |
| 4 queues per port |  |

Switch 4400 Front View Detail


Figure 2 Switch 4400 (24-port) / Switch 4400 SE — front view


Figure 3 Switch 4400 PWR — front view


Figure 4 Switch 4400 (48-port) — front view


WARNING: RJ-45 Ports. These are shielded RJ-45 data sockets. They cannot be used as standard traditional telephone sockets, or to connect the unit to a traditional PBX or public telephone network. Only connect RJ-45 data connectors, network telephony systems, or network telephones to these sockets.

Either shielded or unshielded data cables with shielded or unshielded jacks can be connected to these data sockets.

10BASE-T/ The Switch 4400, 4400 SE and 4400 PWR have 24 or 48 100BASE-TX Ports auto-negotiating 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX ports configured as Auto MDIX (cross-over). These ports automatically provide the appropriate connection. Alternatively, you can manually set these ports to 10BASE-T half duplex, 10BASE-T full duplex, 100BASE-TX half duplex or 100BASE-TX full duplex. The maximum segment length is $100 \mathrm{~m}(328 \mathrm{ft})$ over Category 5 twisted pair cable.

The 4400 PWR will supply up to 15.4 W of power through any of the 24 front panel ports in conformance to the 802.3af specification. The Switch 4400 PWR incorporates a LED Mode Button on the front panel, which when pressed changes the mode of the front panel port LEDs functionality between Switch and Power mode.

100BASE-FX Ports The Switch 4400 FX has 24 100BASE-FX MT-RJ ports. These are 100 Mbps fiber-optic ports that can use standard multi-mode fiber-optic cable of up to 2 kilometers ( 1.2 miles). They use the standard MT-RJ
connector that allows both the transmit and the receive fibers to be connected in the same space as an RJ-45 port.

LEDs Table 4 lists LEDs visible on the front of the Switch, and how to read their status according to color. For information on using the LEDs for problem solving, see "Solving Problems Indicated by LEDs" on page 58.
Table 4 LED behavior

| LED | Color | Indicates |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power/Self Test LED |  |  |
|  | Green | The Switch is powered-up and operating normally. |
|  | Green flashing | The Switch is either downloading software or is initializing (which includes running a Power On Self Test). |
|  | Yellow | The Switch has failed its Power On Self Test or |
|  |  | A port has failed and has been automatically disabled. You can verify this by checking that the Port Status LED is quickly flashing Yellow. If a port fails the Switch passes its Power On Self Test and continues to operate normally. |
|  | Off | The Switch is not receiving power or there is a fault with the Power Supply Unit. |
| Port LEDs |  |  |
| Packet | Green | Full duplex packets are being transmitted/received on the port. |
|  | Yellow | Half duplex packets are being transmitted/received on the port. |
|  | Off | No packets are being transmitted/received on the port. |
| Status | Green | A high speed ( 100 Mbps ) link is present, and the port is enabled. |
|  | Green flashing | A high speed ( 100 Mbps ) link is present, but the port is disabled. |
|  | Yellow | A low speed (10 Mbps) link is present, and the port is enabled (not 4400 FX). |
|  | Yellow flashing | A low speed ( 10 Mbps ) link is present, but the port is disabled (not 4400 FX ). |
|  | Yellow flashing (fast) | The port has failed and has been automatically disabled. The Switch passes its Power On Self Test and continues to operate normally even if one or more ports are disabled. |
|  | Off | No link is present. |

## LED Color Indicates

## Port LEDs — Power over Ethernet mode (3C17205 only)

Packet Green Power is being delivered to the port.
Green flashing Exceeded port power limit (overCurrent MIB state) or unable to supply power due to unit over budget (denyLowPriority MIB state).

Yellow Power over Ethernet error, no power supplied on port.
Off No power is being delivered.
Status Yellow flashing Power over Ethernet POST error on port. Flash rate is 4 Hz

## Module LEDs

Packet Refer to the user documentation accompanying the module, if installed.
Status Refer to the user documentation accompanying the module, if installed.

Off There is no module installed in the expansion module slot.
Yellow flashing The module has failed and has been automatically disabled. (fast) The Switch passes its Power On Self Test and continues to operate normally even if one or more modules are disabled.

## Unit LEDs

1-8 Green When the Switch forms a stack with other Switch 4400 units, the LED indicates the position of the unit in the stack and that a link is present.
When the Switch is stand-alone and not part of a stack, LED 1 is on.
Green/Yellow When a software upgrade is in progress, the LEDs of the unit rotational that is being upgraded 'rotate' in an clockwise and anti-clockwise sequence.
Green The Switch physically forms a stack with other Switch 4400 flashing units, but cannot be managed as part of that stack until all units have been upgraded to software version 2.0 or later.
Off A fault has occurred.

## Port LED Status LED (3C17205 only)

Green Port LEDs are operating in power mode
Yellow flashing Port LEDs are operating in normal mode. One or more ports has a Power over Ethernet error.

Off Port LEDs are operating in normal mode.

## Power Utilization LEDs (3C17205 only)

Green
4 LEDs showing total power being delivered as a percentage of maximum possible.


Power Socket The Switch automatically adjusts its power setting to any supply voltage in the range 90-240 VAC.

Redundant Power System Socket

To protect against internal power supply failure, you can use this socket to connect a Switch 4400 to a SuperStack 3 Advanced Redundant Power System (RPS). See "Connecting a Redundant Power System" on page 30.

Console Port The console port allows you to connect a terminal and perform remote or local out-of-band management. The console port uses a standard null modem cable and is set to auto-baud, 8 data bits, no parity and 1 stop bit.

## Expansion Module

Slots

You can use these slots to install Expansion Modules. These allow the Switch to support various forms of connection and add extra functionality to your Switch. For example you can install a Cascade module to enable the Switch to be stacked with other Switches. Please note that Power over Ethernet is not supported on expansion modules on the Switch 4400 PWR (3C17205). Contact your supplier for more information.


WARNING: When an Expansion Module is not installed, ensure the blanking plate is fitted by tightening all screws with a suitable tool.

## Default Settings

Table 5 shows the default settings for the Switch 4400:
Table 5 Default Settings

| Feature | Switch 4400 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Automatic IP Configuration | Enabled |
| Port Status | Enabled |
| Port Speed | $10 / 100$ Mbps ports are auto-negotiated |
|  | MT-RJ ports (3C17210) are fixed at 100 Mbps |
| Duplex Mode | All fixed 10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX ports are |
|  | auto-negotiated |
|  | 100BASE-FX ports default to full-duplex mode <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> (100 FD) and must be manually set to half-duplex <br> mode (100 HD) if required. |
| Power over Ethernet | Enabled (3C17205 only) |
| Flow Control | Enabled in half-duplex mode |
|  | n Auto-negotiated in full-duplex mode |
| Broadcast Storm Control | Enabled |
| Virtual LANs (VLANs) | All ports belong to the untagged Default VLAN |
|  | (VLAN 1) with IEEE Std 802.1Q-1998 learning |
| operational |  |

(i)To make SSH, Webcache redirection, RADIUS (including 802.1x Network Login), Auto VLAN assignment, and Traffic Prioritization available on the SuperStack 3 Switch 4400 SE, upgrade the product to the Switch 4400 SE Enhanced Software Upgrade (3C17207).

If you initialize a Switch unit by selecting System > Control > Initialize in the Web interface or by entering system control initialize in the Command Line Interface, the following settings are retained to allow you to connect to and manage the Switch:

- IP Address
- Subnet Mask
- Default Router


## Installing the Switch

This chapter contains the information you need to install and set up the Switch 4400. It covers the following topics:

- Package Contents
- Choosing a Suitable Site
- Rack-mounting
- Placing Units On Top of Each Other
- Stacking Units
- The Power-up Sequence

WARNING: Safety Information. Before installing or removing any components from the Switch 4400 or carrying out any maintenance procedures, you must read the safety information provided in Appendix A of this guide.

AVERTISSEMENT: Consignes de sécurité. Avant d'installer on d'enlever tout composant du Switch 4400 oud d'entamer une procédure de maintenance, lisez les information relatives à la sécurité qui se trouvent dan l'Appendice A de ce guide.

VORSICHT: Sicherheitsinformationen. Bevor See Komponenten aus dem Switch 4400 entfernen oder dem Switch 4400 hinzufuegen oder Instandhaltungsarbeiten verrichten, lesen Sie die Sicherheitsanweisungen, die in Appendix A (Anhang A) in diesem Handbuch aufgefuehrt sind.

## Package Contents

- Switch unit
- CD-ROM (includes documentation related to your Switch)
- Getting Started Guide (this guide)
- Management Quick Reference Guide
- Release Notes
- Unit Information Labels
- Warranty Information
- Power Cord
- $2 \times$ Mounting brackets
- $4 \times$ Screws
- $4 \times$ Rubber feet

Choosing a Suitable Site

The Switch is suited for use on a desktop, either free standing or mounted in a standard 19-inch equipment rack. Alternatively, the Switch can be mounted in a wiring closet or equipment room, as an aggregator for other Hubs and Switches. A rack-mounting kit containing two mounting brackets is supplied with the Switch.
i
CAUTION: Ensure that the ventilation holes are not obstructed.
When deciding where to position the Switch, ensure that:

- Cabling is located away from:
- sources of electrical noise such as radios, transmitters and broadband amplifiers.
- power lines and fluorescent lighting fixtures
- The Switch is accessible and cables can be connected easily.
- Water or moisture cannot enter the case of the Switch.
- Air flow is not restricted around the Switch or through the vents in the side of the Switch. 3Com recommends that you provide a minimum of 25 mm ( in.) clearance.
- Air temperature around the Switch does not exceed $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(104{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

If the Switch is installed in a 19-inch rack or closed assembly its local air temperature may be greater than room ambient temperature.

- The air is as free from dust as possible.
- The unit is installed in a clean, air conditioned environment.
- No more than eight Switch units are placed on top of one another, if the units are free-standing.
- The Switch is situated away from sources of conductive (electrical) dust, for example laser printers.
- The AC supply used by the Switch is separate to that used by units that generate high levels of AC noise, for example air conditioning units and laser printers.


## Rack-mounting



$\triangle$
CAUTION: Disconnect all cables from the Switch before continuing. Remove all self adhesive pads from the underside of the Switch if they have been fitted.

To rack-mount your Switch:
1 Place the Switch the right way up on a hard flat surface, with the front facing towards you.

2 Locate a mounting bracket over the mounting holes on one side of the Switch, as shown in Figure 6.

Figure 6 Fitting a bracket for rack-mounting


3 Insert the two screws and tighten with a suitable screwdriver.
You must use the screws supplied with the mounting brackets. Damage caused to the unit by using incorrect screws invalidates your warranty.
4 Repeat steps 2 and 3 for the other side of the Switch.
5 Insert the Switch into the 19-inch rack and secure with suitable screws (not provided). Ensure that ventilation holes are not obstructed.
6 Connect network cabling.
7 Finally place a unit information label on the unit in an easily accessible position. The unit information label shows the following:

- The 3Com product name of the Switch
- The 3Com 3C number of the Switch
- The unique MAC address (Ethernet address) of the Switch
- The serial number of the Switch

You may need this information for fault reporting purposes.

## Placing Units On Top of Each Other

If the Switch units are free-standing, up to eight units can be placed one on top of the other. If you are mixing a variety of SuperStack ${ }^{\circledR} 3$ Switch and Hub units, the smaller units must be positioned at the top.

If you are placing Switch units one on top of the other, you must use the self-adhesive rubber pads supplied. Apply the pads to the underside of each Switch, sticking one in the marked area at each corner. Place the Switch units on top of each other, ensuring that the pads of the upper unit line up with the recesses of the lower unit.

## Stacking Units



The SuperStack 3 Switch 4400 SE can only be stacked with non-SE Switches if it has been upgraded using the Switch 4400 SE Enhanced Software Upgrade (3C17207). An upgraded Switch 4400 SE cannot be stacked with a normal Switch 4400 SE.

How To Stack Units

Switch 4400 units can be stacked together and then treated as a single manageable unit with one IP address. Any combination of 24-port and 48-port units is allowed in a single stack.

To stack two Switch 4400 units you will need to order the SuperStack 3 Switch Cascade Stacking Kit (3C17227). The kit consists of two Cascade Modules and a Cascade Cable. Both Switches must have an unused expansion slot to allow a Cascade Module to be fitted.

Figure 7 Stacking two Switch 4400 units


To stack more than two Switch units you will need to order one SuperStack 3 Cascade Extender Kit (3C17228) for each additional unit. This Kit consists of one Cascade Module, one Cascade Cable and one

Cascade Extender Unit. The Cascade Module is installed into the expansion slot at the rear of the Switch and the Cascade Extender Unit plugs into the Cascade Module.

Figure 8 Stacking more than two Switch 4400 units


For information on ordering the Cascade Kits contact your supplier. For illustrations and information on how to install the Cascade Kits, refer to the user documentation that accompanies these Kits.

Rules For Stacking Units

This information is also provided in the user documentation that accompanies the Cascade Kits.

- The maximum number of Switch units in a stack is limited to 8 . The stack may contain a combination of 24 and 48 port units.
- Only one Cascade Module can be installed per Switch. If Cascade Modules are fitted to both expansion slots in a Switch then both Modules will be disabled.
- Cascade Modules are NOT hot-swappable or hot-insertable. Ensure that the Switch is powered off before inserting or removing a Cascade Module.
- The Cascade Extender Unit is hot-insertable. This allows its host Switch unit to be removed and replaced without disturbing the rest of the stack.
- Only 3 Com ${ }^{\circledR}$ Cascade Cables can be used to connect between Cascade Modules/Cascade Extender Units.
- Due to the length of the Cascade Cables, you must insert all of the Cascade Modules into Expansion Module Slot 1 or all of the Cascade Modules into Expansion Module Slot 2 on the Switches.
- It is not possible to stack a Switch 4400 , Switch 4400 SE, Switch 4400 PWR or Switch 4400 FX unit with SuperStack II or other SuperStack 3 products using the Cascade Stacking Kit (3C17227) or Cascade Extender Kit (3C17228).
- 3Com strongly recommends that you upgrade all Switch 4400 units (24-port and 48-port) in a stack to the latest software agent.
- 3Com recommends that you initialize a Switch 4400, Switch 4400 SE, Switch 4400 PWR or Switch 4400 FX unit that has previously been used elsewhere in your network before you add it to an existing stack. If you do not initialize the unit, problems may be caused by conflicting Switch configurations.
- When the Switch 4400s are stacked together they are assigned a unit number from bottom-to-top for management purposes. When further Switches are added to the stack, they can be positioned at the bottom of the stack or at the top. Either way, the Switch management software will re-order the Switch unit numbers into a logical order again (from bottom to top).


## The Power-up Sequence

Powering-up the Switch 4400

The following sections describe how to get your Switch 4400 powered-up and ready for operation.

Use the following sequence of steps to power-up the Switch.

1 Plug the power cord into the power socket at the rear of the Switch.
2 Plug the other end of the power cord into your power outlet.
The Switch powers-up and runs through its Power On Self Test (POST), which takes approximately 10 seconds.

## Checking for Correct Operation of LEDs <br> During the Power On Self Test, all ports on the Switch are disabled and the LEDs light in a set sequence. <br> When the POST has completed, check the Power/Self Test LED to make sure that your Switch is operating correctly. Table 6 shows possible colors for the LED.

Table 6 Power/Self Test LED colors

| Color | State |
| :--- | :--- |
| Green | The Switch is powered-up and operating normally. |
| Yellow | The Switch has failed its Power On Self Test. |
| Off | The Switch is not receiving power. |

If there is evidence of a problem, see "Solving Problems Indicated by LEDs" on page 58.

Connecting a You can connect a SuperStack 3 Advanced Redundant Power System Redundant Power (3C16071B) to the Switch. This unit, which is also known as an RPS, is System designed to maintain the power to your Switch if a power supply failure occurs.

For normal redundancy, the Switch 4400, Switch 4400 SE, and Switch 4400 FX require one Type 2A Power Module (3C 16074A). For full redundancy, the Switch 4400 , Switch 4400 SE, and Switch 4400 FX require two type 2A Power Modules combined using a Type 2 Y-Cable. The Switch 4400 PWR (3C 17205) requires one Type 3 Power Module (3C 16075) for normal redundancy and two Type 3 Power Modules for full redundancy.

CAUTION The Switch has no ON/OFF switch; the only method of connecting or disconnecting mains power is by connecting or disconnecting the power cord.

CAUTION: The Switch can only use a SuperStack Advanced Redundant Power System output.

## Using Power over Ethernet

The Switch 4400 PWR can power any IEEE 802.3af compliant device through any of its front panel ports. The Switch will support the following 3Com 802.3af equipment:

- Wireless:
- 3Com 11 Mbps Wireless LAN Access Point 8000 (3CRWE80096B)
- 3Com 11 Mbps Wireless LAN Access Point 8200 (3CRWE820096A)
- 3Com 11 Mbps Wireless LAN Access Point 8500 (3CRWE850096A)
- 3Com 11 Mbps Wireless LAN Access Point 8700 (3CRWE870096A)
- 3Com Wireless LAN Building to Building Bridge (3CRWE91096B)
- Voice Over IP Telephones:
- 3Com 11 Mbps Wireless LAN Access Point 8000 (3CRWE80096B)
- 3Com 11 Mbps Wireless LAN Access Point 8200 (3CRWE820096A)
- 3Com 11 Mbps Wireless LAN Access Point 8500 (3CRWE850096A)
- 3Com 11 Mbps Wireless LAN Access Point 8700 (3CRWE870096A)
- 3Com Wireless LAN Building to Building Bridge (3CRWE91096B)
- The following 3Com NBX phones are also supported using the 3Com NBX VoIP Phone Module (3CNJVOIPMOD-NBX):
- 3Com NBX 1102 Business Phone (3C10121)
- 3Com NBX 1102B Business Phone (3C10281B)
- 3Com NBX 1102PE Business Phone (3C10281PE)
- 3Com NBX 2101Basic Phone (3C10248B)
- 3Com NBX 2101PE Basic Phone (3C10248PE)
- 3Com NBX 2102 Business Phone (3C10226A)
- 3Com NBX 2102IR Business Phone with IR (3C10228IRA)
- 3Com NBX 2102B Business Phone (3C10226B)
- 3Com NBX 2102IRB Business Phone with IR (3C10228IRB)
- 3Com NBX 2102PE Business Phone (3C10226PE)
- 3Com NBX 2102PEIR Business Phone with IR (3C10228RPE)
- 3Com NBX 3102 Business Phone (3C10402A)
- 3Com NBX ATA Business Phone (3C10400)
- Network Jacks:
- 3Com NJ90 (3CNJ90)
- 3Com NJ95 (3CNJ95
- 3Com NJ100 (3CNJ100, 3CNJ100-CRM)
- 3Com NJ105-3CNJ105
- 3Com NJ 105 + forwarding (3CNJ105)
- 3Com NJ200 (3CNJ200, 3CNJ200-CRM)
- 3Com NJ200 + forwarding (3CNJ200)
- 3Com NJ205 (3CNJ205)
- 3Com NJ205 + forwarding (3CNJ205)


For the latest list of supported devices, go to the product page on the 3Com web site http://www.3com.com/.

For further information about Power Over Ethernet, refer to "Power Management and Control" in the Switch Implementation Guide supplied on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch. Power over Ethernet management is available using the web interface or the command line interface (CLI).

Choosing the Correct Cables (Switch 4400, 4400 SE and 4400 PWN)

All of the ports on the front of the Switch 4400,4400 SE and 4400 PWN are Auto-MDIX, that is they have a cross-over capability. The port can automatically detect whether it needs to operate in MDI or MDIX mode. Therefore you can make a connection to a port with a straight-through (MDI) or a cross-over cable (MDIX).
i
The Auto-MDIX feature only operates when enabled per port and if auto-negotiation is enabled.

If auto-negotiation is disabled, all the Switch ports are configured as MDIX (cross-over). If you want to make a connection to another MDIX port, you need a cross-over cable. Many ports on workstations and servers are configured as MDI (straight-through). If you want to make a
connection to an MDI port, you need to use a standard straight-through cable. See Table 7.

WARNING: The 4400 PWR (3C17205) supports Power over Ethernet on all front ports. These ports should only be used for Ethernet wiring within the same building. The Rear Module ports of the Switch 4400 PWR can be used for ethernet wiring between buildings.

3Com recommends that you use Category 5 twisted pair cable - the maximum segment length for this type of cable is $100 \mathrm{~m}(328 \mathrm{ft})$.

Table 7 Cables required to connect the Switch 4400 to other devices if auto-negotiation is disabled

|  | Cross-over Cable | Straight-through Cable |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Switch to Switch <br> (MDIX to MDIX) | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ |
| Switch to Hub <br> (MDIX to MDIX) | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ |
| Switch to PC (NIC) <br> (MDIX to MDI) | $\times$ |  |

$\$$
CAUTION: If you want to install the Switch using a Category 5E or Category 6 cable, 3Com recommends that you briefly connect the cable to a grounded port before connecting network equipment. If you do not, the cable's Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) may damage the Switch's port.

You can create a grounded port by connecting all wires at one end of a UTP cable to an earth ground point, and the other end to a female RJ-45 connector located, for example, on a Switch rack or patch panel. The $R J-45$ connector is now a grounded port.

## Choosing the Correct

Cables
(Switch 4400 FX)

All of the ports on the front of the Switch 4400 FX are 100BASE-FX MT-RJ multi-mode ports. The MT-RJ port is a small form factor fiber-optic port with the transmit and receive fibers in the same cable. Unlike many fiber-optic systems, only one MT-RJ cable is needed to connect two MT-RJ ports together.

To connect a front-panel port to another 100BASE-FX MT-RJ multi-mode port, or to a patch panel, a single MT-RJ multi-mode pinless jumper cable is required. Since standard MT-RJ cables are cross-over cables, no

Auto-MDIX sensing is required. The maximum cable length is 2 kilometers ( 1.24 miles).

CAUTION: Do not connect pinned MT-RJ connectors into any port on the Switch 4400 FX as this may damage the unit. The ports have locator pins fitted and are designed for standard (pinless) connectors.

To connect a front-panel port to a 100BASE-FX single mode port, or to a port that does not have an MT-RJ connector, an adaptor will be required. It is not possible to connect a front panel port to a 1000BASE-FX port.

## Setting Up for Management

Your Switch can operate in its default state, that is, you can install it and it will work straight away (plug-and-play). However, to make full use of the features offered by the Switch, and to change and monitor the way it works, you have to access the management software that resides on the Switch. This is known as managing the Switch.

Managing the Switch can help you to improve the efficiency of the Switch and therefore the overall performance of your network.

This chapter explains the initial set up of the Switch and the different methods of accessing the management software to manage a Switch. It covers the following topics:

- Setting Up Overview
- Manually Configuring IP Information
- Viewing Automatically Configured IP Information
- Methods of Managing a Switch
- Setting Up Command Line Interface Management
- Setting Up Command Line Interface Management using SSH
- Setting Up Web Interface Management
- Setting Up SNMP Management
- Default Users and Passwords


## Setting Up Overview

This section gives an overview of what you need to do to get your Switch set up and ready for management when it is in its default state. The whole setup process is summarized in Figure 9. Detailed procedural steps are contained in the sections that follow. In brief, you need to:

- Configure IP information manually for your Switch or view the automatically configured IP information
- Prepare for your chosen method of management

Figure 9 Initial Switch Setup and Management Flow diagram


CAUTION: To protect your Switch from unauthorized access, you must change all three default passwords as soon as possible, even if you do not intend to actively manage your Switch. For more information on default users and changing default passwords, see "Default Users and Passwords" on page 55.

## IP Configuration

You can use one of the following methods to allocate IP information to your Switch (essential if you wish to manage your Switch across the network).

## Manual IP Configuration

You can choose to configure the IP information yourself. The Switch remembers the information that you enter until you change it again or set the configuration method to Automatic.

You should use the Manual IP configuration method if:

- you do not have a DHCP or BootP server on your network, or
- you want to remove the risk of the IP address ever changing, or
- your DHCP or BootP server does not allow you to allocate static IP addresses. (Static IP addresses are necessary to ensure that the Switch is always allocated the same IP information.)

For most installations, 3Com recommends that you configure the Switch IP information manually. This makes management simpler and more reliable as it is not dependent on a DHCP or BootP server, and eliminates the risk of the IP address changing.

If you wish to manually enter IP information for your Switch, work through the "Manually Configuring IP Information" section on page 39.

## Automatic IP Configuration

By default the Switch tries to configure itself with IP information without requesting user intervention. It tries to obtain an IP address from a DHCP or BootP server on the network.

If neither server is found, the Switch will configure itself with its default IP address 169.254.100.100 if it is operating in a standalone mode, and/or no other Switches on the network have this IP address. If this default IP address is already in use on the network then the Switch detects this and configures itself with an IP address in the range 169.254.1.0 to 169.254.254.255.

This process is known as Auto-IP and is the same mechanism used by Windows 98 and Windows 2000. IP addresses configured by Auto-IP are temporary as they cannot be routed but are useful for small networks which are not connected to other networks, or for initial configuration.

However, as soon as a DHCP or BootP server is detected, the Switch will configure itself with the IP address allocated by that server.

When using automatic IP configuration it is important that the IP address of the Switch is static, otherwise you will not know what the IP address is and it will be difficult to manage. Most DHCP and BootP servers allow static IP addresses to be configured so that you know what IP address will be allocated to the Switch. Refer to the documentation that accompanies your DHCP/BootP server.


For a detailed description of how automatic IP configuration operates, please refer to the Implementation Guide on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch or on the 3Com Web site.

You should use the automatic IP configuration method if:

- your network uses DHCP or BootP to allocate IP information, or
- flexibility is needed. If the Switch is re-deployed onto a different subnet, it will automatically reconfigure itself with an appropriate IP address, instead of you having to manually reconfigure the Switch.

If you use the automatic IP configuration method, you need to discover the automatically allocated IP information before you can begin management. Work through the "Viewing Automatically Configured IP Information" section on page 46.

## Preparing for Management

Once your Switch's initial set up is complete you can set up your chosen management method as described in "Methods of Managing a Switch" on page 49.

i.
For detailed information about the specific web interface operations and command line interface commands and problem solving, refer to the "SuperStack 3 Switch Management Interface Reference Guide" on the CD-ROM that is supplied with the Switch or on the 3Com Web site.

## Manually Configuring IP Information

You can manually configure the Switch IP information in the following ways:

- Connecting to a front panel port - Connect a workstation using an Ethernet cable to a front panel port of the Switch. You can then manually enter IP information using the web interface or the command line interface (CLI).
- Connecting to the console port - Connect a workstation using a console cable to the console port of the Switch. You can then manually enter IP information using the command line interface (CLI).

Connecting to a Front Panel Port

To set up your Switch manually you can make a connection to a front panel port. You must do this whilst the Switch is offline, that is, before
you connect the Switch to a network.

The procedure described in this section assumes the unit has been powered up in standalone mode and has the default IP address of 169.254.100.100.

## Pre-requisites

- A workstation running Windows 95/98/2000, Windows NT or Windows XP.
- A Network Interface Card (NIC).
- A Category 5 twisted pair Ethernet cable with RJ-45 connectors.
- A suitable Web browser - refer to "Choosing a Browser"on page 53.
- You need to have the following so that you can manually set up the Switch with IP information:
- IP address
- subnet mask
- default gateway
- management VLAN ID, normally set to the default value (1)


## Connecting the Workstation to the Switch

1 Connect the workstation to a front panel port using an Ethernet cable as shown in Figure 10.

Figure 10 Connecting a workstation to the Switch via a front panel port


To connect the cable:
a Attach an RJ-45 connector at one end of the Ethernet cable to the Network Interface Card (NIC) in the workstation.
b Connect the RJ-45 connector at the other end of the cable to one of the front panel ports on the Switch.

Do not interconnect the Switch to any other unconfigured Switch.

## Configuring the Workstation with IP Information

You need to change the IP address and subnet mask of the workstation that you have connected to the Switch. Make a note of the existing settings so you can return to them later. Change the workstation to the following settings:
■ IP address — 169.254.100.99
■ Subnet mask - 255.255.0.0

## Setting Up the Switch with IP Information

You are now ready to manually set up the Switch with IP information. You can do this using the Web interface or the command line interface (CLI) via telnet.

## Using the Web Interface

1 Power-up the Switch. This takes approximately one minute.
2 Open a suitable Web browser and enter 169.254.100.100 in the Location Address field. This is the default IP address that is automatically assigned to an offline unit.

If there is no response, wait for one minute then re-enter the default IP address.

3 At the login and password prompts, enter admin as your user name and press Return at the password prompt (default user name and password). If you have logged on correctly, a set of Getting Started pages are displayed.

4 The Getting Started pages allow you to enter basic setup information for the Switch. Select Manual and then enter the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway that you want the Switch to use when it is connected to the network. The final page displays a summary of the information entered.

The initial set up of your Switch is now complete and the Switch is ready for you to set up your chosen management method. See "Methods of Managing a Switch" on page 49.

## Using Command Line Interface via Telnet

1 To start a Telnet session to the unit, click Start in Microsoft Windows 95/98/2000/NT/XP.
a Click Run.
b In the dialogue box that appears type the default IP address of the unit, that is: Telnet 169.254.100.100
c Click OK.
2 Press Enter to open a login prompt.
If the login prompt does not begin immediately, press Return a few times until it starts.

3 At the login and password prompts, enter admin as your user name and press Return at the password prompt. If you have logged on correctly, the top-level menu of the command line interface is displayed as shown in the example in Figure 11.

Figure 11 Example top-level command line interface menu


4 At the Select menu option prompt you can either:

- enter the protocol ip basicConfig command. At the Enter configuration method prompt enter manual. The screen prompts you to enter IP information.
or
- enter the gettingStarted command. At the Enter configuration method prompt enter manual. The screen prompts you to enter IP information.
5 Enter the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway IP address for the Switch. The screen displays a summary of the information entered.
If using the gettingStarted command you will then be prompted to enter system information, change passwords, and then given the option to carry out advanced configuration.

The protocol ip basicConfig command will prompt you for the management VLAN ID. If the unit is new there is only one VLAN (VLAN 1) to choose from.

The initial set up of your Switch is now complete and the Switch is ready for you to set up your chosen management method. See "Methods of Managing a Switch" on page 49.

Connecting to the
To set up your Switch manually you can alternatively make a connection Console Port to the console port (this example describes a local connection to the console port, rather than a remote one via a modem). You can do this whilst the Switch is offline, that is, before you connect the Switch to a network, or whilst the Switch is online, that is, connected to a network.

## Pre-requisites

- A workstation with terminal emulation software installed, such as Microsoft Hyperterminal. This software allows you to communicate with the Switch via the console port directly, or through a modem.
- Documentation supplied with the terminal emulation software.
- A suitable cable:
- A standard null modem cable - if you are connecting directly to the console port, or
- A standard modem cable - if you are connecting to the console port using a modem.
You can find pin-out diagrams for both cables in Appendix B on page 73.
- You need to have the following so that you can manually set up the Switch with IP information:
- IP address
- subnet mask
- default gateway
- management VLAN ID, normally set to the default value (1)


## Connecting the Workstation to the Switch

1 Connect the workstation to the console port using a standard null modem cable as shown in Figure 12.

Figure 12 Connecting a workstation to the Switch via the console port


To connect the cable:
a Attach the female connector on the cable to the male connector on the console port of the Switch.
b Tighten the retaining screws on the cable to prevent it from being loosened.
c Connect the other end of the cable to one of the serial ports (also known as a COM port) on your workstation.

2 Open your terminal emulation software and configure the COM port settings to which you have connected the cable. The settings should be set to match the default settings for the Switch, which are:

- 19,200 baud
- 8 data bits
- no parity
- 1 stop bit
- no hardware flow control

Refer to the documentation that accompanies the terminal emulation software for more information.

## Setting Up the Switch with IP Information

You are now ready to manually set up the Switch with IP information using the command line interface.

1 The command line interface login sequence begins as soon as the Switch detects a connection to its console port.
If the login prompt does not begin immediately, press Return a few times until it starts.

2 At the login and password prompts, enter admin as your user name and press Return at the password prompt. If you have logged on correctly, the top-level menu of the command line interface is displayed as shown in the example in Figure 13.

Figure 13 Example top-level command line interface menu


3 At the Select menu option prompt you can either:

- enter the protocol ip basicConfig command. At the Enter configuration method prompt enter manual. The screen prompts you to enter IP information.
or
- enter the gettingStarted command. At the Enter configuration method prompt enter manual. The screen prompts you to enter IP information.

4 Enter the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway IP address for the Switch. The screen displays a summary of the information entered.
If using the gettingstarted command you will then be prompted to enter system information, change passwords, and then given the option to carry out advanced configuration.

The protocol ip basicConfig command will prompt you for the management VLAN ID. If the unit is new there is only one VLAN (VLAN 1) to choose from.

The initial set up of your Switch is now complete and the Switch is ready for you to set up your chosen management method. See "Methods of Managing a Switch" on page 49.

If you do not intend to use the command line interface via the console port to manage the Switch, you can disconnect the serial cable and close the terminal emulator software.

## Viewing Automatically Configured IP Information

If you allow the Switch to automatically configure its own IP information you need to discover and view the IP information before you can begin to manage the Switch. You can discover the IP information in two ways:

- Using 3Com Network Supervisor - This application will auto-discover the Switch and display the automatically allocated IP information assigned to the Switch.
- Connecting to the Console Port - Connect a workstation using a console cable to the console port of the Switch. You can then view the IP information automatically assigned to the Switch using the command line interface (CLI).

You can use the 3Com Network Supervisor application provided on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch to discover the automatically allocated IP information.
1 Connect your Switch to the network.
2 Power-up the Switch and wait for two minutes.
3 Launch 3Com Network Supervisor and run the Auto-discovery wizard.
3Com Network Supervisor will auto-discover the new Switch and display the IP information that has been automatically allocated to the Switch.

Most DHCP and BootP servers allow static IP addresses to be configured so that you know what IP address the Switch will be given. Refer to the documentation that accompanies your DHCP or BootP server.

If your network does not have a DHCP or BootP server, the workstation running 3Com Network Supervisor must be on the same subnet as the Switch, because Auto-IP addresses are non-routable.

## Connecting to the

 Console PortAlternatively, you can view the automatically configured IP information via the command line interface (CLI) through a connection to the console port. (This example describes a local connection to the console port, rather than a remote one via a modem.)

## Pre-requisites

- A workstation with terminal emulation software installed, such as Microsoft Hyperterminal. This software allows you to communicate with the Switch via the console port directly, or through a modem.
- Documentation supplied with the terminal emulation software.
- A suitable cable:
- A standard null modem cable - if you are connecting directly to the console port, or
- A standard modem cable - if you are connecting to the console port using a modem.
You can find pin-out diagrams for both cables in Appendix B on page 73.
- A Category 5 twisted pair Ethernet cable with RJ-45 connectors to connect your Switch to the network.


## Connecting the Workstation to the Switch

1 Connect the workstation to the console port using a standard null modem cable as shown in Figure 14.

Figure 14 Connecting a workstation to the Switch via the console port


To connect the cable:
a Attach the female connector on the cable to the male connector on the console port of the Switch.
b Tighten the retaining screws on the cable to prevent it from being loosened.
c Connect the other end of the cable to one of the serial ports (also known as a COM port) on your workstation.

2 Open your terminal emulation software and configure the COM port settings to which you have connected the cable. The settings should be set to match the default settings for the Switch, which are:

- 19,200 baud
- 8 data bits
- no parity
- 1 stop bit
- no hardware flow control

Refer to the documentation that accompanies the terminal emulation software for more information.

## Viewing IP Information via the Console Port

You are now ready to view the automatically allocated IP information using the command line interface.

1 Connect your Switch to the network using an Ethernet cable. As soon as a network connection is made the Switch begins the automatic IP configuration process.
The automatic IP configuration process usually completes within one minute.

If there is no response from a DHCP server within 30 seconds, the Auto-IP configuration mechanism attempts to allocate the default IP address 169.254.100.100. If this address is not available, it then allocates an IP address in the range of 169.254.x.y (where $x$ is in the range 1 to 254, and $y$ is in the range 0 to 255).
2 The command line interface login sequence begins as soon as the Switch detects a connection to its console port.
If the login prompt does not begin immediately, press Return a few times until it starts.

3 At the login and password prompts, enter admin as your user name and press Return at the password prompt. If you have logged on correctly, the top-level menu of the command line interface is displayed as shown in the example in Figure 15.

Figure 15 Example top-level command line interface menu


4 At the Select menu option prompt enter the protocol ip interface summary command. At the Select IP interfaces prompt enter all. A summary of the automatically allocated IP information is displayed. Make a note of the Network IP Address.

The initial set up of your Switch is now complete and the Switch is ready for you to set up your chosen management method. See "Methods of Managing a Switch" on page 49.

If you do not intend to use the command line interface via the console port to manage the Switch, you can logout, disconnect the serial cable and close the terminal emulator software.

## Methods of Managing a Switch

Once you have completed the initial set up of your Switch, you can decide how you wish to manage the Switch. You can use one of the following methods:

- Command line interface management
- Command line interface management using SSH
- Web interface management
- SNMP management


## Command Line

Interface
Management
Each Switch has a command line interface (CLI) that allows you to manage the Switch from a workstation, either locally via a console port connection (see Figure 16), or remotely over the network (see Figure 17).

Figure 16 CLI management via the console port


Figure 17 CLI management over the network


Refer to "Setting Up Command Line Interface Management" on page 50.

## Command Line The Switch 4400 supports Secure Shell version 2 (SSHv2), allowing secure Interface Management using <br> SSH If you use SSH to administer your Switch and the network traffic is intercepted, no passwords or configuration information will be visible in the data. To securely adminster the Switch using the Command Line Interface you need a third party SSH client. <br> Web Interface Each Switch has an internal set of web pages that allow you to manage Management the Switch using a Web browser remotely over an IP network (see Figure 18).

Figure 18 Web interface management over the network


Refer to "Setting Up Web Interface Management" on page 53.

SNMP Management You can manage a Switch using any network management workstation running the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) as shown in Figure 19. For example, you can use the 3Com Network Supervisor software that is provided on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch.

Figure 19 SNMP management over the network


Refer to "Setting Up SNMP Management" on page 54.

## Setting Up <br> Command Line Interface Management

This section describes how you can set up command line interface management using a local console port connection or over the network.

## CLI Management via To manage a Switch using the command line interface via the local the Console Port console port connection:

1 Ensure you have connected your workstation to the console port correctly as described in "Connecting to the Console Port" on page 42.
2 Your Switch is now ready to continue being managed and/or configured through the CLI via its console port.

## CLI Management over the Network

To manage a Switch using the command line interface over a network using Telnet:

1 Ensure you have already set up the Switch with IP information as described in "Setting Up Overview" on page 36.

2 Check that you have the IP protocol correctly installed on your management workstation. You can check this by trying to browse the World Wide Web. If you can browse, the IP protocol is installed.
3 Check you can communicate with the Switch by entering a ping command at the DOS prompt in the following format:
c: \ping xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
(where xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx is the IP address of the Switch)
If you get an error message, check that your IP information has been entered correctly and the Switch is powered up.
4 To open a Telnet session via the DOS prompt, enter the IP address of the Switch that you wish to manage in the following format:

## >telnet xxx.xxx.xxx. xxx

(where $\mathrm{xxx} . \mathrm{XxX} . \mathrm{Xxx} . \mathrm{Xxx}$ is the IP address of the Switch)
If opening a Telnet session via third party software you will need to enter the IP address in the format suitable for that software.

5 At the login and password prompts, enter admin as your user name and press Return at the password prompt (or the password of your choice if you have already modified the default passwords).
If the login prompt does not display immediately, press Return a few times until it starts.

6 If you have logged on correctly, the top-level menu of the command line interface for the Switch you wish to manage is displayed as shown in Figure 13 on page 45.

## Setting Up Command Line Interface Management using SSH

This section describes how you can set up Command Line Interface management using SSH over a network.

To manage a Switch using the command line interface over a network using SSH:

1 Ensure you have already set up the Switch with IP information as described in "Setting Up Overview" on page 36.

2 Check that you have the IP protocol correctly installed on your management workstation. You can check this by trying to browse the World Wide Web. If you can browse, the IP protocol is installed.
3 Check you can communicate with the Switch by entering a ping command at the DOS prompt in the following format:
c: \ping xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
(where $\mathrm{xxx} . \mathrm{xxx} . \mathrm{xxx} .$.xxx is the IP address of the Switch)
If you get an error message, check that your IP information has been entered correctly and the Switch is powered up.


The switch automatically generates a host key pair when it is powered up for the first time, or after any reset to factory defaults. Host key generation may take a while, during which time SSH connections to the switch will be refused.

4 Install an SSH client application on the workstation you want to use to access the switch.


3Com recommends the following SSH clients; PuTTY, OpenSSH and SSH Communications Security Corp Secure Shell.
5 Open an SSH session and access the switch using the switch's IP address and port number.


The first time you connect to the switch the client will ask you to confirm that the host key is correct for the device.
6 The switch and the SSH client will authenticate each other and a secure connection will be established.

7 Enter your usual username and password to access the CLI commands.


For increased security please change the default password when using SSH for the first time.


For further information on generating a host key on your switch and transferring keys to the Switch using TFTP server please refer to Chapter 11 of the "SuperStack 3 Switch Implementation Guide".

## Setting Up Web Interface Management

This section describes how you can set up web interface management over the network.

Pre-requisites

- Ensure you have already set up the Switch with IP information as described in "Setting Up Overview" on page 36.
- Ensure that the Switch is connected to the network using a Category 5 twisted pair Ethernet cable with RJ-45 connectors.
- A suitable Web browser.


## Choosing a Browser

To display the web interface correctly, use one of the following Web browser and platform combinations:
Table 8 Supported Web Browsers and Platforms

|  | Windows 95 | Windows 98 | Windows NT <br> $\mathbf{4}$ | Windows <br> 2000 | Windows XP | Polaris <br> $\mathbf{2 . 6}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Netscape 4.76 | $\boldsymbol{J}$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Netscape 6.2 | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ |
| Netscape 7.0 | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ |
| Internet Explorer 5.5 | $\boldsymbol{J}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ |
| Internet Explorer 6.0 | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ |

For the browser to operate the web interface correctly, JavaScript™ ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ and Cascading Style Sheets must be enabled on your browser. These features are enabled on a browser by default. You will only need to enable them if you have changed your browser settings.

To enable style sheets in Netscape Navigator 4.76 on Solaris 2.6, open Netscape Navigator and select Edit > Preferences > Fonts. Select the Use document-specified fonts, including Dynamic Fonts radio button. You should also set the font sizes as follows:

- Variable Width Font - Size 10.0
- Fixed Width Font - Size 12.0

This ensures that the text spacing is correct. Finally in the Advanced category ensure that Enable Java Script and Enable style sheets are checked.

## Web Management

 Over the NetworkTo manage a Switch using the web interface over an IP network:

1 Check that you have the IP protocol correctly installed on your management workstation. You can check this by trying to browse the World Wide Web. If you can browse, the IP protocol is installed.

2 Check you can communicate with the Switch by entering a ping command at the DOS prompt in the following format:
c: \ping xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
(where $\mathrm{xxx} . \mathrm{xxx} . \mathrm{xxx} .$.xxx is the IP address of the Switch)
If you get an error message, check that your IP information has been entered correctly and the Switch is powered up.

3 Open your web browser and enter the IP address of the Switch that you wish to manage in the URL locator, for example, in the following format:
http://xxx. $\mathbf{x x x} . \mathbf{x x x . x x x}$
4 At the login and password prompts, enter admin as your user name and press Return at the password prompt (or the password of your choice if you have already modified the default passwords).
5 Click on the Device View button to display the web management options.

## Setting Up SNMP Management

Any network management application running the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) can manage a Switch if:

- The correct Management Information Bases (MIBs) are installed on the management workstation.
- The management workstation is connected to the Switch using a port in VLAN 1 (the Default VLAN). By default, all ports on the Switch are in VLAN 1.

You can use the 3Com Network Supervisor application that is provided on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch to provide SNMP management for your Switch. If you use 3Com Network Supervisor it
automatically loads the correct MIBs and necessary files onto your workstation.

## Pre-requisites

- Documentation supplied with the SNMP network management application software.

To manage your Switch using an SNMP network management application, you need to specify SNMP community strings for the users defined on the Switch. You can do this using the command line interface system management snmp community command - refer to the command line interface section of the "SuperStack 3 Switch Management Interface Reference Guide" for more information.

## Default Users and Passwords

If you intend to manage the Switch using the web interface or the command line interface, or to change the default passwords, you need to log in with a valid user name and password. The Switch has three default user names, and each user name has a different password and level of access. These default users are listed in Table 9.


CAUTION: To protect your Switch from unauthorized access, you must change all three default passwords as soon as possible, even if you do not intend to actively manage your Switch

Table 9 Default Users

| User <br> Name | Default <br> Password | Access Level |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | | monitor | monitor | monitor - the user can view all manageable parameters, <br> except special/security features, but cannot change any <br> manageable parameters |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| manager | manager | manager - the user can access and change the <br> operational parameters but not special/security features <br> admin |
| (no <br> security - the user can access and change all manageable <br> password) <br> parameters |  |  |

Use the admin default user name (no password) to login and carry out initial Switch setup.

Changing Default Passwords

You can change the default passwords using either:

- The gettingStarted command on the CLI, or
- The security device user modify command on the CLI, or
- The Security > Device > User > Modify operation on the web interface.

i.For more information about default users and passwords, refer to the "Superstack 3 Switch Management Interface Reference Guide" on the Switch CD-ROM.

## 4 <br> Problem Solving

This chapter helps you to diagnose and solve problems you may have with the operation of your Switch. There is also an explanation of IP addressing.

The topics covered are:

- Solving Problems Indicated by LEDs
- Solving Hardware Problems
- Solving Communication Problems
- Solving Software Upgrade Problems

If you experience a problem that is not listed here, it may be included in the Support section of the Superstack 3 Switch Management Interface Reference Guide on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch.

For Technical Support information, see Appendix D.

## Solving Problems Indicated by LEDs

If the LEDs on the Switch indicate a problem, refer to the list of suggested solutions below.

## The Power LED does not light

Check that the power cable is firmly connected to the Switch and to the supply outlet. If the connection is secure and there is still no power, you may have a faulty power cord or an internal fault. Firstly, check the power cord by:

- testing it in another device
- connecting a working power cord to the 'problem' device
then contact your supplier for advice.


## On powering-up, the Power/Self Test LED lights yellow

Either:

- The Switch unit has failed its Power On Self Test (POST) because of an internal problem. The fault type will be indicated on the unit LEDs. Contact your supplier for advice.
or
- A port has failed and has been automatically disabled. You can verify this by checking that the Port Status LED is quickly flashing Yellow. If a port fails the Switch passes its Power On Self Test and continues to operate normally.


## A Port Status LED is quickly flashing yellow

The port has failed and has been automatically disabled. The Switch passes its Power On Self Test and continues to operate normally, even if one or more ports are disabled.

## A link is connected and yet the Status LED for the port does not light

## Check that:

- The Switch and the device at the other end of the link (or cable) are connected securely.
- The devices at both ends of the link are powered-up
- The quality of cable is satisfactory
- Auto-negotiation settings are the same at both ends.

Auto-negotiation problems will occur with 10BASE-T or 100BASE-T where auto-negotiation is disabled and incorrect cables are being used (cross-over or straight)
Auto-negotiation problems will occur with fiber if:

- The Receiver (RX) and Transceiver (TX) cable connectors are swapped
- Fibers are broken
- Auto-negotiation differs at either end (a link appears at the 'fixed' end and not at the auto-negotiation end)


## The Unit LED is flashing green

The Switch unit physically forms a stack with other Switch 4400 units, but cannot be managed as part of that stack because one or more units have not been upgraded to software version 2.0 or later. You must upgrade each unit in the stack to this software version, which is available on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch.

## Port LED Status LED is flashing yellow (3C17205 only)

The Switch has a Power over Ethernet error. You must press the LED Mode button to see which ports are affected and to see whether it is a fault or a power budget issue. If there is a fault, then the Packet LED of the affected port will be yellow. If a port exceeds its power limit, then the Packet LED of the port will flash green. If a port has a Power over Ethernet POST error then the Status LED of the affected port will flash yellow.

## Solving Hardware Problems

In the rare event of your Switch unit experiencing a hardware failure, refer to the list of suggested solutions below.

## An expansion module is installed and the unit will not power up

Ensure that the expansion module is fully seated in the slot and the connectors are engaged so that the securing screws can be tightened.

## A fan failure warning message is received

Your Switch has a fan monitoring system that will generate fan failure warning messages. Fan failure could potentially reduce the lifetime of the

Switch. The monitoring system polls the fan status at periodic intervals while the unit is powered up.

If one fan has failed in the Switch, a warning message will be generated in the following ways:

- RMON Email Notification - If configured, you will receive notification of the fan failure via email, SMS (Short Message Service), or pager.
- RMON Trap - If configured, an RMON trap is generated and sent to the management workstation.

i)
For further information about RMON, refer to "Chapter 7: Status Monitoring and Statistics" in the Switch Implementation Guide supplied in PDF format on the CD-ROM that accompanies the Switch.

If more than one fan has failed in the Switch, a warning message will be generated by RMON Email Notification, RMON Trap and also in the following ways:

- Command Line Interface - An indication of a general hardware failure is provided through the Top level menu displayed when logging on to the CLI. For more detailed information about the failure select the system summary command.
- Web interface - An indication of fan failure is provided through the Device Summary table for the specific unit. In addition all Summary tables turn red to indicate the fan failure.

If a fan failure warning message is generated:
1 Power off the unit.
2 Check that the air vents are not obstructed.
3 Power cycle the unit. To do this, remove and reconnect the AC mains supply. If the unit has no AC main supply, remove and reconnect the DC RPS supply.

4 If another fan failure warning message is generated via the Command Line Interface or the Web interface, return the unit.

## Unit fails, no SNMP fan failure message is received

1 Power cycle the unit. To do this, remove and reconnect the AC mains supply. If the unit has no $A C$ mains supply, remove and reconnect the DC RPS supply.

2 Check the command line interface (system summary command) to determine whether a thermal shutdown has occurred.

3 If no, return the unit:
If yes, check that:

- The air vents are not obstructed.
- The ambient temperatures and environmental conditions meet those specified in Appendix C.
4 Power cycle the unit. If a further thermal shutdown occurs, and all environmental conditions are satisfactory, return the unit to 3Com.


## A device is connected to a Switch 4400 PWR but power is not being supplied

If power is not being supplied to a device connected to a Switch 4400 PWR, you should do the following checks:

- Check that the device is compliant with the 802.3af standard ref. [18].

The 4400 PWR will only supply power through the front panel ports to 802.3af compliant devices.

- Check that the power budget for the Switch has not been exceeded. If the power budget has been exceeded, then by default, the powered device connected to the Power over Ethernet port with the lowest priority port will lose power. However, if all the devices connected to the Switch have equal priority levels, then the port with the highest number will lose power.
By default the Switch will allow a device to receive power as long as the Power over Ethernet power supply has 18 watts spare in its power budget. If this much power is not available the device will not be powered (unless it has a higher priority than existing powered ports) and a Power over Ethernet fault will be reported for that port. If enough power subsequently becomes available the port will be powered.
- Check that the port has not had a power limit imposed upon it.


## Solving Communication Problems

If you experience communication problems with the Switch, ensure that:

- The Switch IP address and Management VLAN ID has been configured as described in Chapter 3.
- If the Switch is separated from your management application by a router, ensure that the default gateway IP address within the Switch is the same as the IP address of the router.
- The Switch's IP address has been entered correctly in your network management application (such as 3Com Network Supervisor).

The following is a brief overview of IP addressing, and how to obtain a registered IP address.

## IP Addressing

To be managed correctly, each device on your network (for example a Switch or Hub) must have a unique IP address. IP addresses have the format n.n.n. $n$ where $n$ is a decimal number between 0 and 255. An example IP address is 192.168.100.8.

The IP address is split into two parts:

- The first part ('192.168.100' in the example) identifies the network on which the device resides
- The second part ('. 8 ' in the example) identifies the device within the network

The natural subnet mask for this example is 255.255 .255 .0 .
i.

If your network has a connection to the external IP network, that is, you access the Internet, you must apply for a registered IP address.

## How do you obtain a registered IP Address?

The IP registration system ensures that every IP address used is unique; if you do not have a registered IP address, you may be using an identical address to someone else and your network will not operate correctly.

InterNIC Registration Services is the organization responsible for supplying registered IP addresses. The following contact information is correct at time of publication:

World Wide Web site: http: //www.internic.net

If your IP network is internal to your organization only, that is, you do not access the Internet, you may use any arbitrary IP address as long as it is not being used by another device on your network. 3Com suggests you use addresses in the range 192.168.0.0 to 192.168.255.255 with a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0.

These suggested IP addresses are part of a group of IP addresses that have been set aside specially for use 'in house' only.

## Solving Software Upgrade Problems

You can upgrade the management software of the Switch by using the System > Control > Software Upgrade operation in the Web Interface, or the system control softwareUpgrade command in the command line interface. For details on these options, refer to the Management Interface Reference Guide supplied in HTML format on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch.

If you have problems with your software upgrade, refer to the Problem Solving section in the Management Interface Reference Guide.

## A

## SafETY InFORMATION

You must read the following safety information before carrying out any installation or removal of components，or any maintenance procedures on the Switch 4400.

WARNING：Warnings contain directions that you must follow for your personal safety．Follow all directions carefully．
You must read the following safety information carefully before you install or remove the unit．

AVERTISSEMENT：Les avertissements présentent des consignes que vous devez respecter pour garantir votre sécurité personnelle．Vous devez respecter attentivement toutes les consignes．
Nous vous demandons de lire attentivement les consignes suivantes de sécurité avant d＇installer ou de retirer l＇appareil．


VORSICHT：Warnhinweise enthalten Anweisungen，die Sie zu Ihrer eigenen Sicherheit befolgen müssen．Alle Anweisungen sind sorgfältig zu befolgen．
Sie müssen die folgenden Sicherheitsinformationen＇sorgfältig durchlesen，bevor Sie das Gerät installieren oder ausbauen．

## Power Cord Set－Japan

> 電源コードを接続する場合は，アース接続がされていることを確認してから行なってくだせい。 アース線をはずす場合は，電源コードが接続されていないにとを確認しから行なってぐだざい。

## Important Safety Information



WARNING: Installation and removal of the unit must be carried out by qualified personnel only.

## 

WARNING: If installing the Switch 4400 in a stack with SuperStack II or SuperStack 3 units that are narrower than the 4400, the Switch 4400 unit must be installed below the narrower units.


WARNING: The unit must be earthed (grounded).
WARNING: Connect the unit to an earthed power supply to ensure compliance with safety standards.

## 4

WARNING: Power Cord Set:
This must be approved for the country where it is used:


- The cord set must have a rated current capacity of at least 10A.
- The attachment plug must be an earth-grounding type with a NEMA 5-15P (15A, 125V) or NEMA 6-15P (15A, 250 V ) configuration.
United
Kingdom only
- The supply plug must comply with BS 1363 (3-pin 13 amp )

Europe only:

Denmark
Switzerland
Kingdom only

- The mains cord must be <HAR > or <BASEC> marked and be of type H03VVF3GO. 75 (minimum).
- The supply plug must comply with CEE $7 / 7$ ("SCHUKO").
- The mains cord must be <HAR> or <BASEC> marked and be of type H03VVF3GO. 75 (minimum).
- The supply plug must comply with section 107-2-D1, standard DK2-1a or DK2-5a.
- The supply plug must comply with SEV/ASE 1011.

WARNING: The appliance coupler (the connector to the unit and not the wall plug) must have a configuration for mating with an EN60320IIEC320 appliance inlet.

WARNING: The socket outlet must be near to the unit and easily accessible. You can only remove power from the unit by disconnecting the power cord from the outlet.

WARNING: This unit operates under SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) conditions according to IEC 60950. The conditions are only maintained if the equipment to which it is connected also operates under SELV conditions.

WARNING: France and Peru only:
This unit cannot be powered from IT+ supplies. If your supplies are of IT type, this unit must be powered by 230V $(2 P+T)$ via an isolation transformer ratio 1:1, with the secondary connection point labelled Neutral, connected directly to earth (ground).
+Impédance à la ere.
WARNING: U.K. only:
If connecting a modem to the console port of the Switch 4400, only use a modem which is suitable for connection to the telecommunications system.

WARNING: RJ-45 Ports. These are shielded RJ-45 data sockets. They cannot be used as standard traditional telephone sockets, or to connect the unit to a traditional PBX or public telephone network. Only connect RJ-45 data connectors, network telephony systems, or network telephones to these sockets.

Either shielded or unshielded data cables with shielded or unshielded jacks can be connected to these data sockets.

## WARNING: Fiber Optic ports - Optical Safety

Class 1
LED Product

Never look at the transmit LED through a magnifying device while it is powered on. Never look directly at the fiber TX port and fiber cable ends when they are powered on.


WARNING: The 4400 PWR (3C17205) supports Power over Ethernet on all front ports. These ports should only be used for ethernet wiring within the same building.

WARNING: When an Expansion Module is not installed ensure the blanking panel is fitted by tightening all screws with a suitable tool.

## L'information de Sécurité Importante



AVERTISSEMENT: L'installation et la dépose de ce groupe doivent être confiés à un personnel qualifié.


AVERTISSEMENT: Si vous entassez l'unité Switch avec les unités
SuperStack 3 Hub, I'unité Switch 4400 doit être installée en dessous des unités Hub plus étroites.

AVERTISSEMENT: Vous devez mettre l'appareil à la terre (à la masse) ce groupe.


AVERTISSEMENT: Brancher l'unité à une source de courant mise à la terre pour assurer la conformité aux normes de sécurité.

AVERTISSEMENT: Cordon électrique:
II doit être agréé ans le pays d'utilisation:


| Europe | - | La prise secteur doit être conforme aux normes CEE 7/7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | ("SCHKO") |  |
|  | - | LE cordon secteur doit porter la mention <HAR> ou |
|  | <BASEC> et doit être de type HO3VVF3GO. 75 (minimum). |  |
| Suisse | - | La prise mâle d'alimentation doit respecter la norme SEV/ASE |
|  | 1011 |  |

AVERTISSEMENT: Le coupleur d'appareil (le connecteur du groupe et non pas la prise murale) doit respecter une configuration qui permet un branchement sur une entrée d'appareil EN60320/CEI 320.

AVERTISSEMENT: La prise secteur doit se trouver à proximité de l'appareil et son accès doit être facile. Vous ne pouvez mettre l'appareil hors circuit qu'en débranchant son cordon électrique au niveau de cette prise.

AVERTISSEMENT: L'appareil fonctionne à une tension extrêmement basse de sécurité qui est conforme à la norme CEI 60950. Ces conditions ne sont maintenues que si l'équipement auquel il est raccordé fonctionne dans les mêmes conditions.

AVERTISSEMENT: France et Pérou uniquement:
Ce groupe ne peut pas être alimenté par un dispositif à impédance à la terre. Si vos alimentations sont du type impédance à la terre, ce groupe doit être alimenté par une tension de $230 \mathrm{~V}(2 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{T})$ par le biais d'un transformateur d'isolement à rapport 1:1, avec un point secondaire de connexion portant l'appellation Neutre et avec raccordement direct à la terre (masse).

AVERTISSEMENT: Points d'accès RJ-45. Ceux-ci sont protégés par des prises de données. Ils ne peuvent pas être utilisés comme prises de téléphone conventionnelles standard, ni pour la connection de l'unité à un réseau téléphonique central privé ou public. Raccorder seulement connecteurs de données RJ-45, systèmes de réseaux de téléphonie ou téléphones de réseaux à ces prises.

Il est possible de raccorder des câbles protégés ou non protégés avec des jacks protégés ou non protégés à ces prises de données.

## AVERTISSEMENT: Ports pour fibres optiques - sécurité sur le plan optique.

Dispositif LED de Classe 1

Ne regardez jamais le voyant (DEL) d'émission en utilisant un dispositif d'agrandissement, tant qu'il est sous tension. Ne regardez jamais directement le port TX (Transmission) à fibres optiques et les embouts de câbles à fibres optiques tant qu'ils sont sous tension.


AVERTISSEMENT: Le 4400 PWR (3C17205) prend en charge la mise sous tension par Ethernet au niveau de tous les ports frontaux. Ces ports ne doivent être utilisés que pour le câblage Ethernet au sein d'un même bâtiment.


AVERTISSEMENT: Si le module d'expansion nest pas installé, veillez à bien installer la plaque d'obturation et serrez toutes les vis à l'aide d'un outil approprié.

## Wichtige Sicherheitsinformationen



VORSICHT: Die Installation und der Ausbau des Geräts darf nur durch Fachpersonal erfolgen.


VORSICHT: Wenn die Switch 4400 Einheit in einer Stapel mit anderen SuperStack 3 Hub Einheiten eingebaut werden soll, muß die Switch 4400 Einheit unter die schmaleren Hub Einheiten eingebaut werden.


VORSICHT: Das Gerät muß geerdet sein.


VORSICHT: Das Gerät muß an eine geerdete Steckdose angeschlossen werden, die europäischen Sicherheitsnormen erfüllt.


VORSICHT: Der Anschlußkabelsatz muß mit den Bestimmungen des Landes übereinstimmen, in dem er verwendet werden soll.

VORSICHT: Der Gerätestecker (der Anschluß an das Gerät, nicht der Wandsteckdosenstecker) muß eine passende Konfiguration für einen Geräteeingang gemäß EN60320/IEC320 haben.

VORSICHT: Die Netzsteckdose muß in der Nähe des Geräts und leicht zugänglich sein. Die Stromversorgung des Geräts kann nur durch Herausziehen des Gerätenetzkabels aus der Netzsteckdose unterbrochen werden.

## VORSICHT: Europe

- Das Netzkabel muß vom Typ HO3VVF3GO. 75 (Mindestanforderung) sein und die Aufschrift <HAR> oder <BASEC> tragen.
- Der Netzstecker muß die Norm CEE 7/7 erfüllen ("SCHUKO").

VORSICHT: Der Betrieb dieses Geräts erfolgt unter den
SELV-Bedingungen (Sicherheitskleinstspannung) gemäß IEC 60950. Diese Bedingungen sind nur gegeben, wenn auch die an das Gerät angeschlossenen Geräte unter SELV-Bedingungen betrieben werden.

VORSICHT: RJ-45-Porte. Diese Porte sind geschützte Datensteckdosen. Sie dürfen weder wie normale traditionelle Telefonsteckdosen noch für die Verbindung der Einheit mit einem traditionellem privatem oder öffentlichem Telefonnetzwerk gebraucht werden. Nur RJ-45-Datenanscluße, Telefonnetzsysteme or Netztelefone an diese Steckdosen anschließen.

Entweder geschützte oder ungeschützte Buchsen dürfen an diese Datensteckdosen angeschlossen werden.


## VORSICHT: Faseroptikanschlüsse - Optische Sicherheit

## LED Gerät

der Klasse 1

Niemals mit einem Vergrößerungsgerät ein Übertragungs-LED betrachten, während dieses eingeschaltet ist. Niemals direkt auf den Faser-TX-Anschluß und auf die Faserkabelenden schauen, während diese eingeschaltet sind.

VORSICHT: Das 4400 PWR (3C17205) unterstützt die Stromversorgung per Ethernet an allen vorderen Ports. Diese Ports dürfen nur für die Ethernet-Verkabelung im gleichen Gebäude verwendet werden.


VORSICHT: Ist kein Erweiterungsmodul installiert, überprüfen Sie bitte den Sitz der Stanzplatte, indem Sie alle Schrauben mit einem geeigneten Werkzeug anziehen.

## Pin-outs

## Null Modem Cable

9-pin to RS-232 25-pin

Switch 4400 Series
Cable connector: 9-pin female

| Screen | Shell | $\bullet$ | - | 1 | Screen | only required if screen |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TxD | 3 | $\bullet$ | - | 3 | RxD |  |  |
| RxD | 2 | $\bullet$ | - | 2 | TxD |  | always required |
| Ground | 5 | $\bullet$ | - | 7 | Ground |  |  |
| RTS | 7 | $\bullet$ | - | 4 | RTS |  |  |
| CTS | 8 | $\bullet$ | - | 20 | DTR |  |  |
| DSR | 6 | - | - | 5 | CTS |  | required for handshake |
| DCD | 1 | $\bullet$ | - | 6 | DSR |  |  |
| DTR | 4 | $\bullet$ | - | 8 | DCD |  |  |

PC-AT Serial Cable 9-pin to 9-pin
Switch 4400 Series
Cable connector: 9-pin female

| Screen | Shell | $\bullet$ | - | Shell | Screen | only requiredif screen |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DTR | 4 | $\bullet$ | - | 1 | DCD |  | Required for handshake |
| TxD | 3 | $\bullet$ | - |  | RxD |  | always required |
| RxD | 2 | - | - |  | TxD |  |  |
| CTS | 8 | $\bullet$ | - | 4 | DTR |  | required for handshake |
| Ground | 5 | $\bullet$ | - |  | Ground |  | always required |
| DSR | 6 | $\bullet$ |  |  | DSR |  |  |
| RTS | 7 | $\bullet$ | - |  | RTS |  | required for handshake |
| DCD | 1 | $\bullet$ | - | 8 | CTS |  |  |

## Modem Cable

9-pin to RS-232 25-pin

| Switch 4400 Series Cable connector: 9-pin female |  |  | RS-232 Modem Port Cable connector: 25-pin male |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Screen | Shell | $\bullet$ | - | 1 | Screen |
| TxD | 3 | - | - | 2 | TxD |
| RxD | 2 | $\bullet$ | - | 3 | RxD |
| RTS | 7 | $\bullet$ | - | 4 | RTS |
| CTS | 8 | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | 5 | CTS |
| DSR | 6 | $\bullet$ | - | 6 | DSR |
| Ground | 5 | $\bullet$ | - | 7 | Ground |
| DCD | 1 | - | - | 8 | DCD |
| DTR | 4 | $\bullet$ | - | 20 | DTR |

## RJ-45 Pin Assignments

Pin assignments are identical for 10BASE-TX and 100BASE-T RJ-45 connectors.

Table 10 Pin assignments

| Pin Number | Signal | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ports configured as MDI |  |  |
| 1 | Transmit Data + | Bidirectional Data A+ |
| 2 | Transmit Data + | Bidirectional Data A- |
| 3 | Receive Data + | Bidirectional Data B+ |
| 4 | Not assigned | Bidirectional Data C+ |
| 5 | Not assigned | Bidirectional Data C- |
| 6 | Receive Data - | Bidirectional Data B- |
| 7 | Not assigned | Bidirectional Data D+ |
| 8 | Not assigned | Bidirectional Data D- |

Table 11 Pin assignments

| Pin Number | Signal | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ports configured as MDIX |  |  |
| 1 | Receive Data + | Bidirectional Data B+ |
| 2 | Receive Data - | Bidirectional Data B- |
| 3 | Transmit Data + | Bidirectional Data A+ |
| 4 | Not assigned | Bidirectional Data A- |
| 5 | Not assigned | Bidirectional Data D+ |
| 6 | Transmit Data | Bidirectional Data D- |
| 7 | Not assigned | Bidirectional Data C+ |
| 8 | Not assigned | Bidirectional Data C- |

## Technical Specifications



| Standards Supported | SNMP | Terminal Emulation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | SNMP protocol (RFC 1157) | Telnet (RFC 854) |
| MIB II Traps (RFC 1215) | Protocols Used for Administration |  |
| MIB-II (RFC 1213) | UDP (RFC 768) |  |
| Bridge MIB (RFC 1493) | IP (RFC 791) |  |
| Bridge extensions (RFC 2674) | ICMP (RFC 792) |  |
| RMON MIB II (RFC 2021) | TCP (RFC 793) |  |
| Remote Monitoring MIB (RFC | ARP (RFC 826) |  |
| 1757) | TFTP (RFC 783) |  |
| RS232 (RFC 1659) | DHCP (RFC 2131, RFC 2132, RFC 1534) |  |
| Interfaces (RFC 2233) | BOOTP (RFC 951, RFC 1497) |  |
| MAU MIB (RFC 2239) | Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad) |  |
|  | Ether-like MIB (RFC 2665) | Network Login (IEEE 803.1x)* |
| MAU MIB (RFC 2668) | RADIUS (RFC 2618, 2620)* |  |
|  |  | * Supported on a Switch 4400 and an |

## Switch 4400 PWR <br> (24-port)

| Physical Dimensions | Height: $44 \mathrm{~mm}(1.7 \mathrm{in}$.$) \times Width: 440 \mathrm{~mm}$ (17.3 in.) $\times$ Depth: 295 mm (11.4 in.) Weight: 4.4 kg ( 9.7 lbs ) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Environmental Requirements |  |
| Operating Temperature | $0^{\circ}$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.104{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Storage Temperature | $-20^{\circ}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-4^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Operating Humidity | 10-95\% relative humidity, non-condensing |
| Standards | EN60068 to 3Com schedule (Package testing: paras 2.1, 2.2, 2.30, and 2.32. Operational testing: paras 2.1, 2.2, 2.30 and 2.13). |
| Safety |  |
| Agency Certifications | UL60950, EN60950, CSA 22.2 No. 60950, IEC 60950 |
| EMC |  |
| Emissions | CISPRR 22 Class A, EN55022 Class A, FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A, ICES-003 Class A, AS/NZS 3548 Class A, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3 |
| Immunity | EN 55024 |
| Heat Dissipation | 170 watts maximum (580 BTU/hour maximum) |
| Power Supply |  |
| AC Line Frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Input Voltage Options | 100-240 VAC |
| Current Rating | 2.5 A (amps)(maximum) |
| Standards Supported | SNMP Terminal Emulation |
|  | SNMP protocol (RFC 1157) Telnet (RFC 854) |
|  | MIB-II (RFC 1213) Protocols Used for Administration |
|  | Bridge MIB (RFC 1493) UDP (RFC 768) |
|  | RMON MIB II (RFC 2021) IP (RFC 791) |
|  | Remote Monitoring MIB (RFC ICMP (RFC 792) 1757) |
|  | MAU MIB (RFC 2239) TCP (RFC 793) |
|  | ARP (RFC 826) |
|  | MAU MIB (RFC 2668) TFTP (RFC 783) |
|  | MIB II Traps (RFC 1215) DHCP (RFC 2131, RFC 2132, RFC 1534) |
|  | RS232 (RFC 1659) BOOTP (RFC 951, RFC 1497) |
|  | Interfaces (RFC 2233) Network Login (IEEE 803.1x) |
|  | Ether-like MIB (RFC 2665) RADIUS (RFC 2618, 2620) |
|  | Bridge extensions (RFC 2674) Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad) |

## Switch 4400

## (48-port)

| Physical Dimensions | Height: 44 mm (1.7 in.) x Width: 440 mm (17.3 in.) $\times$ Depth: 274 mm (10.8 in.) Weight: 3.2 kg ( 7.1 lbs ) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Environmental Requirements |  |
| Operating Temperature | $0^{\circ}$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.104{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Storage Temperature | $-40^{\circ}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.158{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Operating Humidity | 10-95\% relative humidity, non-condensing |
| Standards | EN60068 to 3Com schedule (Package testing: paras 2.1, 2.2, 2.30, and 2.32. Operational testing: paras 2.1, 2.2, 2.30 and 2.13). |
| Safety |  |
| Agency Certifications | UL60950, EN60950, CSA 22.2 No. 60950, IEC 60950 |
| EMC |  |
| Emissions | CISPR 22 Class A, EN55022 Class A, FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A, ICES-003 Class A, AS/NZS 3548 Class A, VCCI Class A, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3 |
| Immunity | EN 55024 |
| Heat Dissipation | 80 watts maximum (275 BTU/hour maximum) |
| Power Supply |  |
| AC Line Frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Input Voltage Options | 90-240 VAC |
| Current Rating | 2.3 A (amps)(maximum) |


| Standards Supported | SNMP <br> SNMP protocol (RFC 1157) <br> MIB-II (RFC 1213) <br> Bridge MIB (RFC 1493) <br> RMON MIB II (RFC 2021) <br> Remote Monitoring MIB (RFC 1757) <br> MAU MIB (RFC 2239) <br> MIB II Traps (RFC 1215) <br> RS232 (RFC 1659) <br> Interfaces (RFC 2233) <br> Ether-like MIB (RFC 2665) <br> MAU MIB (RFC 2668) <br> Bridge extensions (RFC 2674) | Terminal Emulation <br> Telnet (RFC 854) <br> Protocols Used for Administration <br> UDP (RFC 768) <br> IP (RFC 791) <br> ICMP (RFC 792) <br> TCP (RFC 793) <br> ARP (RFC 826) <br> TFTP (RFC 783) <br> DHCP (RFC 2131, RFC 2132, RFC 1534) <br> BOOTP (RFC 951, RFC 1497) <br> Network Login (IEEE 803.1x) <br> RADIUS (RFC 2618, 2620) <br> Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switch 4400 FX |  |  |
| Physical Dimensions | Height: 44 mm (1.7 in.) x Width: <br> Weight: 2.8 kg ( 6.2 lbs ) | 0 mm (17.3 in.) x Depth: 274 mm (10.8 in.) |
| Environmental Requirements |  |  |
| Operating Temperature | $0^{\circ}$ to $40{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.104{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |  |
| Storage Temperature | $-40^{\circ}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.158{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |  |
| Operating Humidity | 10-95\% relative humidity, non-co | densing |
| Standards | EN60068 to 3Com schedule (Packa Operational testing: paras 2.1, 2.2, | testing: paras 2.1, 2.2, 2.30, and 2.32. .30 and 2.13). |
| Safety |  |  |
| Agency Certifications | UL60950, EN60950, CSA 22.2 No. | 60950, IEC 60950 |
| EMC |  |  |
| Emissions | CISPRR 22 Class A, EN55022 Class ICES-003 Class A, AS/NZS 3548 | A, FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A, lass A, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3 |
| Immunity | EN 55024 |  |
| Heat Dissipation | 80 watts maximum (275 BTU/hour | maximum) |
| Power Supply |  |  |
| AC Line Frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| Input Voltage Options | 90-240 VAC |  |
| Current Rating | 2.3 A (amps)(maximum) |  |


| (continued) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Standards Supported | SNMP | Terminal Emulation |
|  | SNMP protocol (RFC 1157) | Telnet (RFC 854) |
|  | MIB-II (RFC 1213) | Protocols Used for Administration |
|  | Bridge MIB (RFC 1493) | UDP (RFC 768) |
|  | RMON MIB II (RFC 2021) | IP (RFC 791) |
|  | Remote Monitoring MIB (RFC | ICMP (RFC 792) |
|  | 1757) | TCP (RFC 793) |
|  | MAU MIB (RFC 2239) | ARP (RFC 826) |
|  | MIB II Traps (RFC 1215) | TFTP (RFC 783) |
|  | RS232 (RFC 1659) | DHCP (RFC 2131, RFC 2132, RFC 1534) |
|  | Interfaces (RFC 2233) | BOOTP (RFC 951, RFC 1497) |
|  | Ether-like MIB (RFC 2665) | Network Login (IEEE 803.1x) |
|  | MAU MIB (RFC 2668) | RADIUS (RFC 2618, 2620) |
|  | Bridge extensions (RFC 2674) | Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad) |

## Obtaining Support for your Product

Register Your Product to Gain Service Benefits

To take advantage of warranty and other service benefits, you must first register your product at http://eSupport. 3com.com/. 3Com eSupport services are based on accounts that you create or have authorization to access. First time users must apply for a user name and password that provides access to a number of eSupport features including Product Registration, Repair Services, and Service Request.

## Purchase

 Value-Added ServicesTo enhance response times or extend warranty benefits, contact 3Com or your authorized 3Com reseller. Value-added services can include $24 \times 7$ telephone technical support, software upgrades, onsite assistance or advance hardware replacement. Experienced engineers are available to manage your installation with minimal disruption to your network. Expert assessment and implementation services are offered to fill resource gaps and ensure the success of your networking projects. More information on 3Com Extended Warranty and Professional Services is available at http://www. 3com.com/

Contact your authorized 3Com reseller or 3Com for additional product and support information.

## Troubleshoot Online

You will find support tools posted on the 3Com web site at http://www. 3com.com/

- 3Com Knowledgebase helps you troubleshoot 3Com products. This query-based interactive tool is located at http://knowledgebase. 3com.com and contains thousands of technical solutions written by 3Com support engineers.
- Connection Assistant helps you install, configure and troubleshoot 3Com desktop and server NICs, wireless cards and Bluetooth devices. This diagnostic software is located at:
http://www. 3com.com/prodforms/software/connection_assistan t/ca_thankyou.html


## Access Software Downloads

Software Updates are the bug fix / maintenance releases for the version of software initially purchased with the product. In order to access these Software Updates you must first register your product on the 3Com web site at http://eSupport. 3com.com/.

First time users will need to apply for a user name and password. A link to software downloads can be found at http://eSupport.3com.com/, or under the Product Support heading at http://www. 3com.com/

Software Upgrades are the software releases that follow the software version included with your original product. In order to access upgrades and related documentation you must first purchase a service contract from 3Com or your reseller.

## Contact Us

3Com offers telephone, e-mail and internet access to technical support and repair services. To access these services for your region, use the appropriate telephone number, URL or e-mail address from the list below. You will find a current directory of support telephone numbers posted on the 3Com web site at http://csoweb4.3com.com/contactus/

## Telephone Technical Support and Repair

To obtain telephone support as part of your warranty and other service benefits, you must first register your product at
http://eSupport.3com.com/
When you contact 3Com for assistance, please have the following information ready:

- Product model name, part number, and serial number
- A list of system hardware and software, including revision level
- Diagnostic error messages
- Details about recent configuration changes, if applicable

To send a product directly to 3Com for repair, you must first obtain a return authorization number (RMA). Products sent to 3Com, without authorization numbers clearly marked on the outside of the package, will be returned to the sender unopened, at the sender's expense. If your product is registered and under warranty, you can obtain an RMA number online at http://eSupport. 3com.com/. First time users will need to apply for a user name and password.

Telephone numbers are correct at the time of publication. Find a current directory of support telephone numbers posted on the 3Com web site at http://csoweb4.3com.com/contactus/

| Country | Telephone Number | Country | Telephone Number |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Asia, Pacific Rim Telephone Technical Support and Repair |  |  |  |
| Australia | 1800678515 | Philippines | 1235612662602 or |
| Hong Kong | 800933486 |  | 180018889469 |
| India | +61 294245179 or | P.R. of China | 108006100137 or |
|  | 0008006501111 |  | 02163501590 or |
| Indonesia | 00180361009 | 0080006383266 |  |
| Japan | 00531616439 or | Singapore | 8006161463 |
| Malaysia | 0359777991 | S. Korea | 0803333308 |
| New Zealand | 1800801777 | Taiwan | 00801611261 |
| Pakistan | 0800446398 | Thailand | 0018006112000 |
| You can also obtain support in this region using the following e-mail: apr_technical_support@3com.com |  |  |  |
| Or request a repair authorization number (RMA) by fax using this number: | +655436348 |  |  |

## Europe, Middle East, and Africa Telephone Technical Support and Repair

From anywhere in these $\quad+44(0) 1442435529$
regions, call:
From the following countries, you may use the numbers shown:

| Austria | 0179567124 | Luxembourg | 3420808128 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Belgium | 070700770 | Netherlands | 09007777737 |
| Denmark | 70107289 | Norway | 81533047 |
| Finland | 010802783 | Poland | 008004411357 |
| France | 0825809622 | Portugal | 707200123 |
| Germany | 01805404747 | South Africa | 0800995014 |
| Hungary | 0680012813 | Spain | 902160455 |
| Ireland | 014073387 | Sweden | 0771114453 |
| Israel | 18009453794 | Switzerland | 0848850112 |
| Italy | 199161346 | U.K. | 08709093266 |

You can also obtain support in this region using the following URL:
http://emea.3com.com/support/email.html

| Country | Telephone Number | Country | Telephone Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Latin America Telephone Technical Support and Repair |  |  |  |
| Antigua | 18009882112 | Guatemala | AT\&T +800 9982112 |
| Argentina | 0810444 3COM | Haiti | 5716570888 |
| Aruba | 18009982112 | Honduras | AT\&T +800 9982112 |
| Bahamas | 18009982112 | Jamaica | 18009982112 |
| Barbados | 18009982112 | Martinique | 5716570888 |
| Belize | 5252010010 | Mexico | 01800 849CARE |
| Bermuda | 18009982112 | Nicaragua | AT\&T +800 9982112 |
| Bonaire | 18009982112 | Panama | AT\&T +800 9982112 |
| Brazil | 080013 3COM | Paraguay | 541148941888 |
| Cayman | 18009982112 | Peru | AT\&T +800 9982112 |
| Chile | AT\&T +800 9982112 | Puerto Rico | 18009982112 |
| Colombia | AT\&T +800 9982112 | Salvador | AT\&T +800 9982112 |
| Costa Rica | AT\&T +800 9982112 | Trinidad and Tobago | 18009982112 |
| Curacao | 18009982112 | Uruguay | AT\&T +800 9982112 |
| Ecuador | AT\&T +800 9982112 | Venezuela | AT\&T +800 9982112 |
| Dominican Republic | AT\&T +800 9982112 | Virgin Islands | 5716570888 |

You can also obtain support in this region using the following:
Spanish speakers, enter the URL:
http://lat.3com.com/lat/support/form.html
Portuguese speakers, enter the URL:
http://lat.3com.com/br/support/form.html
English speakers in Latin America should send e-mail to:
lat_support_anc@3com.com
US and Canada Telephone Technical Support and Repair

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## Regulatory Notices

| FCC STATEMENT | This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device，pursuant to <br> part 15 of the FCC rules．These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful <br> interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment．This equipment generates，uses <br> and can radiate radio frequency energy and，if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions， <br> may cause harmful interference to radio communications．Operation of this equipment in a residential area is <br> likely to cause harmful interference to radio communications，in which case the user will be required to <br> correct the interference at their own expense． |
| :--- | :--- |
| INFORMATION TO THE USER | If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception，which can be determined by <br> turning the equipment off and on，the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of <br> the following measures： |
|  | n Reorient the receiving antenna． |
| n Relocate the equipment with respect to the receiver． |  |
| n Move the equipment away from the receiver． |  |
| n Plug the equipment into a different outlet so that equipment and receiver are on different branch circuits． |  |
| If necessary，the user should consult the dealer or an experienced radio／television technician for additional |  |
| suggestions．The user may find the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission |  |
| helpful： |  |
| How to Identify and Resolve Radio－TV Interference Problems |  |

## VCCI Statement

この装置は，情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に
基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を
引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求
されることがあります。


[^0]:    E
    Ethernet address of the Switch 26

